

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): November 8, 2025

IONIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

000-19125

(Commission File No.)

33-0336973

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

2855 Gazelle Court  
Carlsbad, CA 92010

(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (760) 931-9200

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value	"IONS"	The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (Section 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Section 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

## **Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.**

On November 8, 2025, Ionis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (“Ionis,” “we,” “us” or “our company”) issued a press release announcing positive results from the pivotal Phase 3 CORE and CORE2 studies of olezarsen in people with severe hypertriglyceridemia (“sHTG”). A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Item 7.01 and the exhibit attached hereto shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

## **Item 8.01 Other Events.**

On November 8, 2025, we announced positive results from the pivotal Phase 3 CORE and CORE2 studies of olezarsen in people with sHTG. The studies met the primary endpoint, with olezarsen achieving a highly statistically significant placebo-adjusted mean reduction in fasting triglyceride (TG) levels of up to 72% at six months. The reductions were sustained through 12 months. Olezarsen showed a highly statistically significant 85% reduction in acute pancreatitis events, the first and only time achieved in sHTG. Additionally, 86% of olezarsen-treated patients achieved triglyceride levels less than 500 mg/dL, below the risk threshold for acute pancreatitis. Olezarsen demonstrated favorable safety and tolerability.

These data were presented during a late-breaking session at the American Heart Association Scientific Sessions, taking place November 7-10 in New Orleans, and simultaneously published in *The New England Journal of Medicine*.

Nearly 1,100 patients were enrolled in the CORE and CORE2 studies, which is the largest pivotal program ever conducted in sHTG, and patients were required to be on standard of care lipid-lowering therapy. The CORE and CORE2 studies met the primary endpoint across doses, with olezarsen demonstrating an up to 72% ( $p < 0.001$ ) placebo-adjusted mean reduction in fasting triglyceride levels at six months. The reductions were sustained through 12 months. Additionally, among patients with baseline levels above these thresholds at 12 months:

- **TGs <880 mg/dL:** 89% and 88% of patients on olezarsen 50 mg and 80 mg, respectively, achieved triglyceride levels less than 880 mg/dL, the level associated with the highest risk of acute pancreatitis.
  - **TGs <500 mg/dL:** 86% of patients on olezarsen 50 mg and 80 mg achieved triglyceride levels less than 500 mg/dL, below the risk threshold for sHTG and acute pancreatitis.
  - **TGs <150 mg/dL:** 34% and 54% of patients on olezarsen 50 mg and 80 mg, respectively, achieved normal triglyceride levels less than 150 mg/dL.
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Olezarsen demonstrated a highly statistically significant 85% reduction in adjudicated acute pancreatitis events at 12 months ( $p < 0.001$ ). These results were based on a total of 22 events in 17 patients in the placebo group, compared to seven events in five patients in the olezarsen group.

- In an overall pooled analysis of the number of patients needed to treat, treating 20 patients with olezarsen is estimated to prevent one acute pancreatitis event over one year.
- In the highest risk group, patients with triglyceride levels greater than or equal to 880 mg/dL and a history of acute pancreatitis, treating four patients is estimated to prevent one event over one year.

Olezarsen also showed an overall favorable lipid profile, with significant reductions in the secondary endpoints of apoC-III, remnant cholesterol and non-HDL-C.

Olezarsen demonstrated a favorable safety and tolerability profile in the CORE and CORE2 studies. Adverse events were balanced across treatment arms (75% olezarsen 50 mg; 76% olezarsen 80 mg; 75% placebo). Serious adverse events occurred less frequently in the olezarsen group compared to placebo (9% olezarsen 50 mg; 11% olezarsen 80 mg; 14% placebo). The most common treatment-emergent events were injection site reactions, which were mostly mild and occurred more frequently with olezarsen (10% olezarsen 50 mg; 17% olezarsen 80 mg; 1% placebo).

Several additional parameters were generally consistent with previous study results. At the 80 mg dose, asymptomatic increases in liver enzymes  $\geq 3$  times the upper limit of normal occurred in 7% of patients compared to 2% in the placebo group. These were not associated with clinical complications and generally resolved with continued dosing. No cases met the criteria for Hy's law. Consistent with previously reported results with apoC-III-targeting therapies, small absolute mean elevations in liver fat (2.28% olezarsen 50 mg; 4.18% olezarsen 80 mg; 0.14% placebo) and hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) (0.25% olezarsen 50 mg; 0.24% olezarsen 80 mg; placebo-adjusted) were observed. Increases in liver fat were not correlated with transaminase elevations and were not associated with clinical sequelae. There were no imbalances in HbA1c in non-diabetic patients.

We are on track to submit a supplemental new drug application for both the 50 mg and 80 mg doses to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") by the end of the year and expect a Prescription Drug User Fee Act ("PDUFA") target action date in 2026. We also anticipate making additional regulatory filings outside the U.S. next year. An open-label extension ("OLE") study of olezarsen for sHTG is ongoing. More than 90% of patients who completed CORE and CORE2 chose to continue into the OLE.

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## Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this report are forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding Ionis' business, the therapeutic and commercial potential of olezarsen, our commercial medicines, additional medicines in development and technologies, and Ionis' expectations regarding development and regulatory milestones. Words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "target," "will," "would" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, though not all forward-looking statements necessarily contain these identifying words. For such statements, Ionis claims the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Actual events or results may differ materially from Ionis' expectations. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, risks and uncertainties including those inherent in the process of discovering, developing and commercializing medicines that are safe and effective for use as human therapeutics, and in the endeavor of building a business around such medicines. Ionis' forward-looking statements also involve assumptions that, if they never materialize or prove correct, could cause its results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Additional factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those stated or implied by Ionis' forward-looking statements are disclosed in Ionis' filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including in the section captioned "Risk Factors" in Ionis' most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. These forward-looking statements represent Ionis' judgment as of the time of this report. Ionis disclaims any intent or obligation to update these forward-looking statements, other than as may be required under applicable law.

### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

<b><u>Exhibit No.</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>
<a href="#">99.1</a>	Press Release dated November 8, 2025.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

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**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**IONIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.**

Dated: November 10, 2025

By: /s/ Patrick R. O'Neil

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**PATRICK R. O'NEIL**

Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer and General Counsel

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Groundbreaking pivotal study results of olezarsen for severe hypertriglyceridemia (sHTG) presented as a late breaker at AHA Scientific Sessions

– Up to 72% placebo-adjusted mean reduction in fasting triglyceride levels at six months, with reductions sustained through 12 months –

– 86% of olezarsen-treated patients achieved triglyceride levels less than 500 mg/dL, below the risk threshold for acute pancreatitis –

– First and only investigational treatment for sHTG to significantly reduce acute pancreatitis events –

– Data simultaneously published in *The New England Journal of Medicine* –

– Ionis to host webcast today at 3:00 p.m. ET –

CARLSBAD, Calif., Nov. 8, 2025 -- [Ionis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.](#) (Nasdaq: IONS) today announced positive results from the pivotal Phase 3 CORE and CORE2 studies of olezarsen in people with severe hypertriglyceridemia (sHTG). The studies met the primary endpoint, with olezarsen achieving a highly statistically significant placebo-adjusted mean reduction in fasting triglyceride (TG) levels of up to 72% at six months. The reductions were sustained through 12 months. Olezarsen showed a highly statistically significant 85% reduction in acute pancreatitis events, the first and only time achieved in sHTG. Additionally, 86% of olezarsen-treated patients achieved triglyceride levels less than 500 mg/dL, below the risk threshold for acute pancreatitis. Olezarsen demonstrated favorable safety and tolerability.

These data were presented today during a late-breaking session at the American Heart Association (AHA) Scientific Sessions, taking place November 7-10 in New Orleans, and simultaneously published in *The New England Journal of Medicine*.

“CORE and CORE2 are the first studies to show a significant reduction in acute pancreatitis events in sHTG, with most patients on olezarsen achieving triglyceride levels below the risk threshold for these potentially life-threatening episodes,” said Nicholas Marston, M.D., M.P.H, presenting author, cardiologist, Brigham and Women’s Hospital, Harvard Medical School. “As a lipid specialist who takes care of sHTG patients, I have seen the major consequences of acute pancreatitis, including cases with recurrent events requiring frequent hospitalizations. Given the modest effects of conventional therapies, these impactful data are a welcome advance and underscore the potential of olezarsen to transform the way we treat sHTG.”

Nearly 1,100 patients were enrolled in the CORE and CORE2 studies, which is the largest pivotal program ever conducted in sHTG, and patients were required to be on standard of care lipid-lowering therapy. The CORE and CORE2 studies met the primary endpoint across doses, with olezarsen demonstrating an up to 72% ( $p < 0.001$ ) placebo-adjusted mean reduction in fasting triglyceride levels at six months. The reductions were sustained through 12 months. Additionally, among patients with baseline levels above these thresholds at 12 months:

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- **TGs <500 mg/dL:** 86% of patients on olezarsen 50 mg and 80 mg achieved triglyceride levels less than 500 mg/dL, below the risk threshold for sHTG and acute pancreatitis.
- **TGs <150 mg/dL:** 34% and 54% of patients on olezarsen 50 mg and 80 mg, respectively, achieved normal triglyceride levels less than 150 mg/dL.

Olezarsen demonstrated a highly statistically significant 85% reduction in adjudicated acute pancreatitis events at 12 months ( $p < 0.001$ ). These results were based on a total of 22 events in 17 patients in the placebo group, compared to seven events in five patients in the olezarsen group.

- In an overall pooled analysis of the number of patients needed to treat (NNT), treating 20 patients with olezarsen is estimated to prevent one acute pancreatitis event over one year.
- In the highest risk group, patients with triglyceride levels greater than or equal to 880 mg/dL and a history of acute pancreatitis, treating four patients is estimated to prevent one event over one year.

Olezarsen also showed an overall favorable lipid profile, with significant reductions in the secondary endpoints of apoC-III, remnant cholesterol and non-HDL-C.

“Building on olezarsen’s success in treating familial chylomicronemia syndrome, a rare form of sHTG, these groundbreaking results position us to reach a significantly larger patient population who remain at risk of dangerous acute pancreatitis attacks,” said Brett P. Monia, Ph.D., chief executive officer, Ionis. “Olezarsen will be one of two independent launches for Ionis in 2026, our first in a broad population if approved, and is a powerful example of how we are turning groundbreaking science into meaningful medicines that have the potential to change lives.”

Olezarsen demonstrated a favorable safety and tolerability profile in the CORE and CORE2 studies. Adverse events were balanced across treatment arms (75% olezarsen 50 mg; 76% olezarsen 80 mg; 75% placebo). Serious adverse events occurred less frequently in the olezarsen group compared to placebo (9% olezarsen 50 mg; 11% olezarsen 80 mg; 14% placebo). The most common treatment-emergent events were injection site reactions, which were mostly mild and occurred more frequently with olezarsen (10% olezarsen 50 mg; 17% olezarsen 80 mg; 1% placebo).

Several additional parameters were generally consistent with previous study results. At the 80 mg dose, asymptomatic increases in liver enzymes  $\geq 3$  times the upper limit of normal occurred in 7% of patients compared to 2% in the placebo group. These were not associated with clinical complications and generally resolved with continued dosing. No cases met the criteria for Hy’s law. Consistent with previously reported results with apoC-III-targeting therapies, small absolute mean elevations in liver fat (2.28% olezarsen 50 mg; 4.18% olezarsen 80 mg; 0.14% placebo) and hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) (0.25% olezarsen 50 mg; 0.24% olezarsen 80 mg; placebo-adjusted) were observed. Increases in liver fat were not correlated with transaminase elevations and were not associated with clinical sequelae. There were no imbalances in HbA1c in non-diabetic patients.

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Ionis is on track to submit a supplemental new drug application for both the 50 mg and 80 mg doses to the FDA by the end of the year. An open-label extension (OLE) study of olezarsen for sHTG is ongoing. More than 90% of patients who completed CORE and CORE2 chose to continue into the OLE.

#### **Webcast**

Ionis will host a webcast to discuss the results from the CORE and CORE2 studies on Saturday, November 8 at 3:00 p.m. ET. Interested parties may access the webcast [here](#). A webcast replay will be available for a limited time.

#### **About the CORE and CORE2 Studies**

CORE (NCT05079919; n=617) and CORE2 (NCT05552326; n=446), conducted with The TIMI Study Group, are Phase 3 global, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trials investigating the safety and efficacy of olezarsen for severe hypertriglyceridemia (sHTG). Participants aged 18 and older with triglyceride levels  $\geq 500$  mg/dL were enrolled. Participants were required to be on standard of care therapies for elevated triglycerides. At baseline, 47% and 37% of participants had baseline fasting triglycerides  $\geq 880$  mg/dL in CORE and CORE2, respectively. Participants were randomized to receive 50 mg or 80 mg of olezarsen or placebo every 4 weeks via subcutaneous injection for 12 months. The primary endpoint is the percent change from baseline in fasting triglycerides at six months compared to placebo.

#### **About Severe Hypertriglyceridemia**

Severe hypertriglyceridemia (sHTG) is defined by severely high triglycerides ( $\geq 500$  mg/dL) and characterized by an increased risk of acute pancreatitis and other morbidities. Considered a medical emergency, acute pancreatitis causes debilitating abdominal pain that often requires prolonged hospitalization, can lead to permanent organ damage and can become life-threatening. Preventing the first attack is key. In people with a history of acute pancreatitis episodes, the risk of future attacks is even greater. Current standard of care therapies for sHTG and lifestyle modifications (such as diet and exercise) do not sufficiently or consistently lower triglyceride levels or reduce the risks of sHTG in all patients. Approximately 3 million people are living with sHTG in the U.S., including more than 1 million who are considered high risk. High-risk sHTG includes those with triglycerides  $\geq 880$  mg/dL or triglycerides  $\geq 500$  mg/dL and a history of acute pancreatitis or other comorbidities.

#### **About Olezarsen**

Olezarsen is an investigational RNA-targeted medicine being evaluated for the treatment of sHTG. Olezarsen is designed to lower the body's production of apoC-III, a protein produced in the liver that regulates triglyceride metabolism in the blood. Olezarsen is approved in the U.S. and the European Union as TRYNGOLZA® for adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS).

#### **About Ionis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.**

For three decades, Ionis has invented medicines that bring better futures to people with serious diseases. Ionis currently has marketed medicines and a leading pipeline in neurology, cardiometabolic disease and select areas of high patient need. As the pioneer in RNA-targeted medicines, Ionis continues to drive innovation in RNA therapies in addition to advancing new approaches in gene editing. A deep understanding of disease biology and industry-leading technology propels our work, coupled with a passion and urgency to deliver life-changing advances for patients. To learn more about Ionis, visit [ionis.com](https://www.ionis.com) and follow us on [X \(Twitter\)](#), [LinkedIn](#) and [Instagram](#).

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**Ionis Forward-looking Statements**

This press release includes forward-looking statements regarding Ionis' business, the therapeutic and commercial potential of our commercial medicines, olezarsen, additional medicines in development and technologies, and our expectations regarding development and regulatory milestones. Any statement describing Ionis' goals, expectations, financial or other projections, intentions or beliefs is a forward-looking statement and should be considered an at-risk statement. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties including those inherent in the process of discovering, developing and commercializing medicines that are safe and effective for use as human therapeutics, and in the endeavor of building a business around such medicines. Ionis' forward-looking statements also involve assumptions that, if they never materialize or prove correct, could cause its results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Although Ionis' forward-looking statements reflect the good faith judgment of its management, these statements are based only on facts and factors currently known by Ionis. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements for any reason. As a result, you are cautioned not to rely on these forward-looking statements. These and other risks concerning Ionis' programs are described in additional detail in Ionis' annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, and most recent Form 10-Q, which are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of these and other documents are available from the Company. In this press release, unless the context requires otherwise, "Ionis," "Company," "we," "our" and "us" all refer to Ionis Pharmaceuticals and its subsidiaries.

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